



THIS MANUAL MUST BE LEFT WITH THE OWNER FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Consult authorities having jurisdiction before installation.

A WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

Failure to follow safety warnings and these instructions exactly could result in property damage, dangerous operation, serious injury, or death.

Any additions, changes, or conversions required in order for the appliance to satisfactorily meet the application needs must be made by a licensed professional HVAC installer (or equivalent) using factory-specified parts.

Do not use this system if any part has been under water. A flood-damaged appliance is extremely dangerous. Immediately call a licensed professional HVAC service technician (or equivalent) to inspect the system and to replace all controls and electrical parts that have been wet, or to replace the system, if deemed necessary.

INSTALLATION/OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

Mini-VRF Heat Pump

VPA***H4-2P VRF SYSTEMS OUTDOOR UNITS 507641-07 04/2018

A CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

▲ IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

General

The Mini-VRF heat pump outdoor units are matched with up to nine indoor units to create a VRF (variable refrigerant flow) system that uses R-410A refrigerant. Refer to the Product Specification bulletin (EHB) for the proper use of these heat pumps with matching indoor units, branch boxes, branch pipes, line sets and controls.

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local or national codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installation.

Shipping and Packing List

Check the components for shipping damage. If you find any damage, immediately contact the last carrier. Package 1 of 1 contains the following:

- 1 Assembled Mini-VRF heat pump outdoor unit
- 1 Outdoor unit installation instruction

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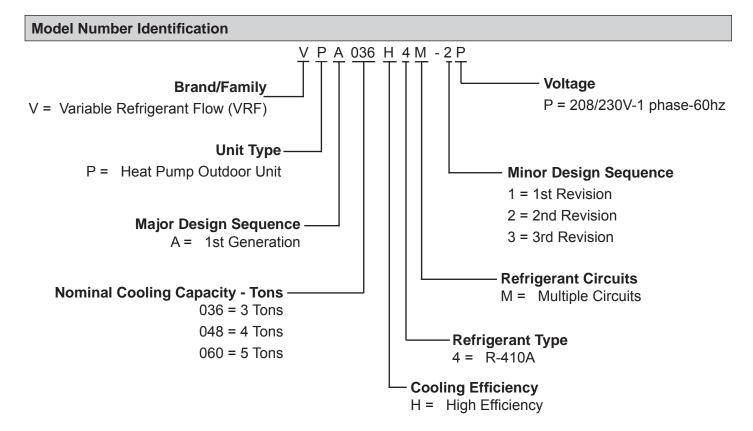
AWARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE, OR EXPLOSION HAZARD.

Do not touch the unit or the controller if your hands are wet.

Do not operate appliances with an open flame near the unit.

Do not replace a fuse with a fuse of a different rating. Do not use a jumper wire to replace a fuse. Do not insert your hands, tools or any other item into the air intake or air outlet at either the indoor or outdoor unit. Do not allow children to operate the system.



NOTE - Lennox VRF and Lennox Mini-Split products are similar in appearance to each other. Refer to the unit's model number to determine if the unit is a VRF (V) or Mini-Split (M) unit. It is not possible to mix the two types of equipment on any system.

System Piping

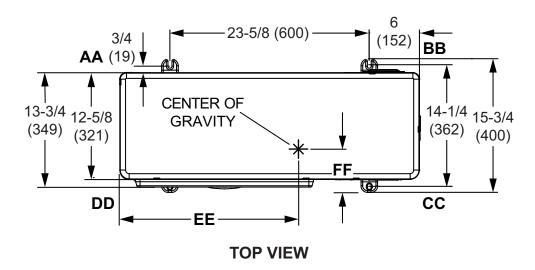
A CAUTION

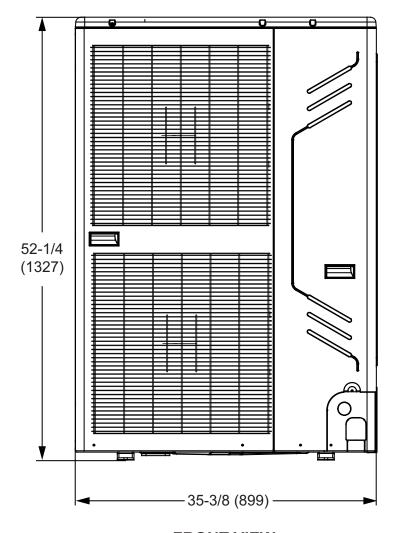
VRF system piping is customized for each installation. The Lennox VRF Selection Software (LVSS) piping report is an engineered design that must be followed. The piping diagram or diagrams included within the LVSS report have been prepared based on the information provided to the Lennox VRF applications department. When the indicated lengths change from the figures stated within the report, it is imperative that prior to the commencement of the refrigerant pipe work installation, Lennox VRF applications department are informed of these proposed changes.

A CAUTION

Upon receipt of this new information the Lennox VRF applications department will confirm any changes that may be applicable to this installation. If changes are required, a new piping diagram will be produced and will supersede all other previously provided documents. Failure to provide this information regarding changes to the original design may lead to insufficient capacity, equipment failure, warranty being made void and the refusal to commission the system.

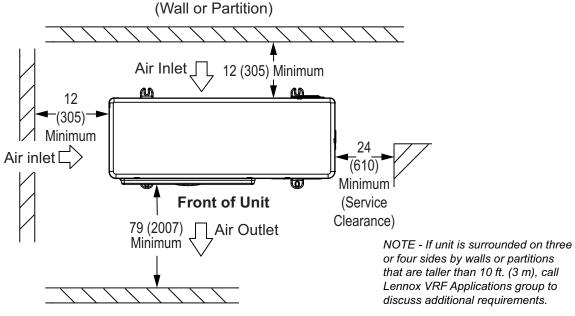
Dimensions - Inches (mm)												
CORNER WEIGHTS						CENTE	R OF GR	AVITY				
Model No.	Model No. AA BB		В	CC DD		EE		FF				
	lbs.	kg	lbs.	kg	lbs.	kg	lbs.	kg	in.	mm	in.	mm
All Models	40	18	63	29	72	33	45	21	21-5/8	549	7-3/8	187





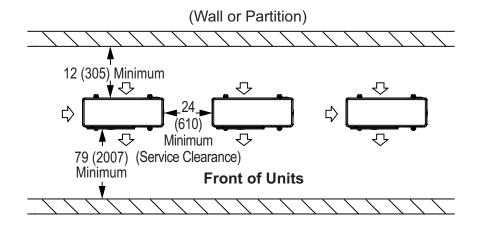
FRONT VIEW

Single Unit Installation

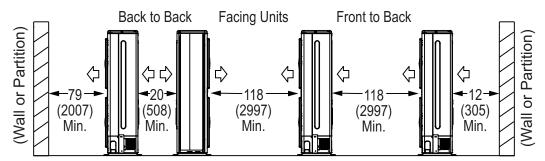


NOTE - 24 in. (610 mm) clearance required on top of unit.

Parallel Units Side by Side



Parallel Units Back to Back, Facing and Front to Back



Unit Placement

A WARNING

Use the provided and specified components when installing equipment. Failure to do so may result in unit falling, water leaking or electrical shocks, causing personal injury or equipment or property damage.

Check stability of unit support. If support is not capable of carrying weight of the unit, unit may fall causing personal injury or equipment damage. Safely dispose of packing materials, which include

Safely dispose of packing materials, which include nails, wood and other sharp objects, as well as plastic wrapping. Children playing with plastic wrap or bags risk the danger of suffocation.

Outdoor Unit Positioning Considerations

In addition to clearances, the following items should be considered when setting the outdoor unit:

- Some local governments have adopted sound ordinances based on the unit's sound level registered from the adjacent property, not from the property where the unit is installed. Install the unit as far as possible from the property line.
- Glass has a very high level of sound transmission. When possible, do not install the unit directly outside a window.
- Avoid installing the unit in areas exposed to extreme voltage variations (such as factories).
- Install unit level.
- Install the unit high enough above the ground or roof to allow adequate drainage of defrost water and prevent ice or snow build-up (required for heat pumps).
- The unit base should be elevated above the depth of average snows. In heavy snow areas, do not locate the unit where drifting will occur.
- When installed in areas where low ambient temperatures exist, locate unit so winter prevailing winds do not blow directly into outdoor unit.
- Locate unit away from overhanging roof lines which would allow water or ice to drop on, or in front of, coil or into unit.
- Allow sufficient space around unit for proper operation and maintenance.
- Install the outdoor unit a minimum of 3 feet away from any antenna, power cord (line), radio, telephone, security system, or intercom. Electrical interference and radio frequencies from any of these sources may affect operation.

▲ IMPORTANT

Exhaust vents from dryers, water heaters and furnaces should be directed away from the outdoor unit. Prolonged exposure to exhaust gases and the chemicals contained within them may cause condensation to form on the steel cabinet and other metal components of the outdoor unit. This will diminish unit performance and longevity.

Lifting the Unit

- Do not hold the air inlet grille while lifting the unit.
 This could result in damage to the cabinet.
- Do not touch the fan blades with your hands or other objects while lifting the unit.

Installation

A IMPORTANT

Roof Damage!

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil. This will cause the rubber to swell when it comes into contact with oil. The rubber will then bubble and could cause leaks. Protect the roof surface to avoid exposure to refrigerant and oil during service and installation.

Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.

SLAB OR ROOF MOUNTING

Install the unit a minimum of 4 inches (102 mm) above the roof or ground surface to avoid ice build-up around the unit. Locate the unit above a load bearing wall or area of the roof that can adequately support the unit. Consult local codes for rooftop applications.

- Use a field-provided slab or frame as specified in the Product Specifications (EHB) bulletin.
- Install the unit in an upright and level position.
- If the unit coil cannot be installed away from prevailing winter winds, a wind barrier should be constructed. Size barrier at least the same height and width as outdoor unit. Install barrier 12 inches (305 mm) minimum from the sides of the unit in the direction of prevailing winds.

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Securing Outdoor Unit to Slab or Frame

- Brackets are provided at the base of the outdoor unit so that it can be secured to a field-provided slab or frame.
- Use lag bolts or equivalent to secure the outdoor unit to the slab or frame. Figure 1.

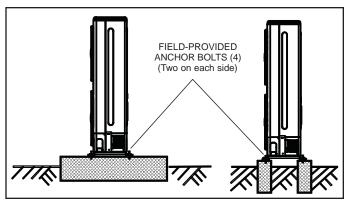


Figure 1. Securing Outdoor Unit to Slab

Securing Outdoor Unit to Wall-Mounted Brackets

- Units can be secured to field-provided wallmounted brackets as long as the following conditions are met.
- Use lag bolts or equivalent to secure the outdoor unit to the wall-mounted brackets. Figure 2.
- Maintain proper air flow clearances.
 NOTE Minimum rear clearance can be 6 inches (152 mm) when mounted on brackets and with no obstructions on the other three sides.

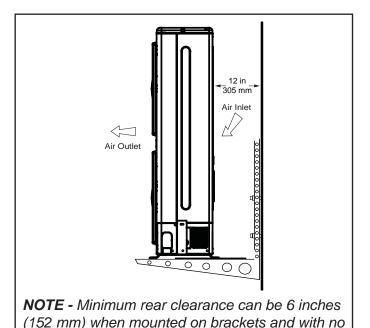


Figure 2. Unit on Wall-Mounted Brackets

obstructions on the other three sides.

Condensate Drains

- The bottom of the outdoor unit is equipped with multiple drain holes to route water away from the unit during a defrost cycle. See figure 3.
- If water produced during the defrost cycle is not drained away from the unit before it re-freezes, the drain may be blocked by ice.
- Protect drain holes to avoid access to the inside of the unit by bugs and other pests.
- Use a field-provided base pan if required for the application.

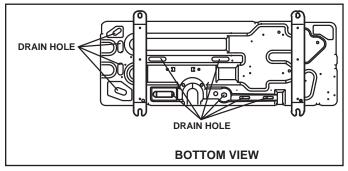


Figure 3. Factory-Provided Drains

Cold Climate Considerations

A CAUTION

When operating the heat pump in a low outdoor ambient temperature, be sure to follow the instructions described below.

- To prevent exposure to wind, install the outdoor unit with its suction side facing the wall.
- Never install the outdoor unit at a site where the suction side may be exposed directly to wind.
- To prevent exposure to wind, install a wind barrier on the air discharge side of the outdoor unit.
- In heavy snowfall areas, select an installation site where the snow will not affect the unit.

Snow and Ice Protection

- Install the unit high enough above the ground or roof to allow adequate drainage of defrost water and prevent ice or snow build-up.
- Carefully consider how to manage defrost water disposal to prevent ice from blocking walkways or creating a safety hazard near the outdoor unit.
- In heavy snow areas, do not locate the unit where drifting will occur. The unit base should be elevated above the depth of average snows. Locate unit away from overhanging roof lines which would allow water or ice to drop on, or in front of, coil or into unit.
- There must be unobstructed air flow around the air inlet and the air outlet.
- The unit must not be installed in areas where a flammable gas leak may occur.

NOTE - VPA***H4-2P units have a factory-installed base pan heater.

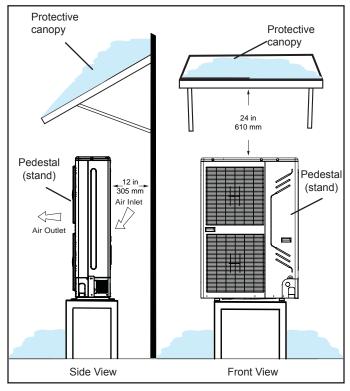


Figure 4. Unit on Pedestal (Stand) Above Snow Line

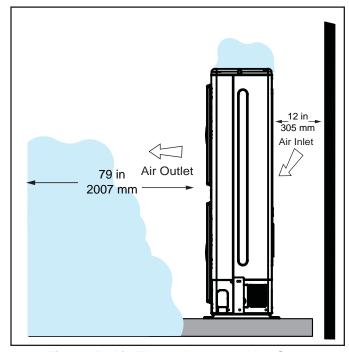
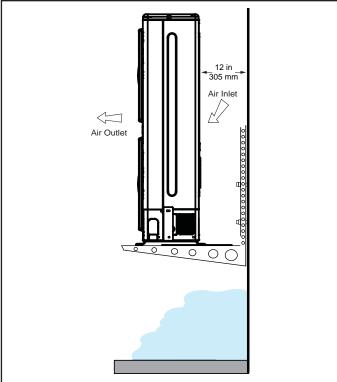


Figure 5. Air Flow Obstructed by Snow



NOTE - Minimum rear clearance can be 6 inches (152 mm) when mounted on brackets and with no obstructions on the other three sides.

Figure 6. Unit on Brackets Above Snow Line

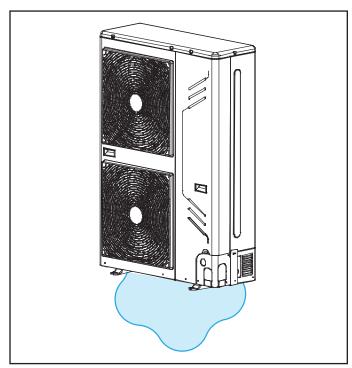


Figure 7. Avoid Defrost Water Ice Hazard

Prevailing Winds Protection

If unit coil cannot be installed away from prevailing winter winds, some method of protecting the coil is required. Minimum clearances from wind barrier must be observed at all times. Common application examples are:

- Construct a wind barrier. Size barrier at least the same height and width as outdoor unit. Install a barrier 12 inches (305 mm) minimum from the sides of the unit in the direction of prevailing winds.
- Install outdoor unit in dog house-style shelter.
- Install outdoor unit in alcove, under roof overhang.

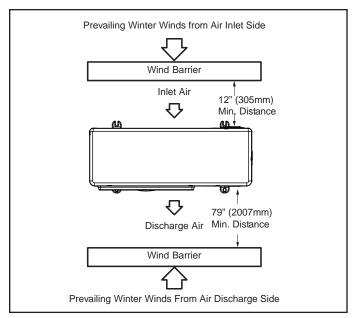


Figure 8. Unit with Wind Barrier

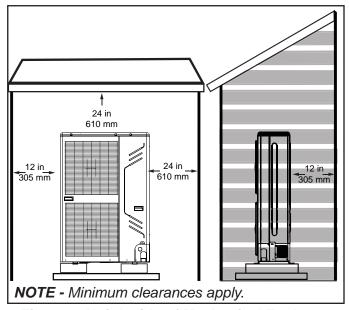


Figure 9. Unit Inside of Mechanical Enclosure

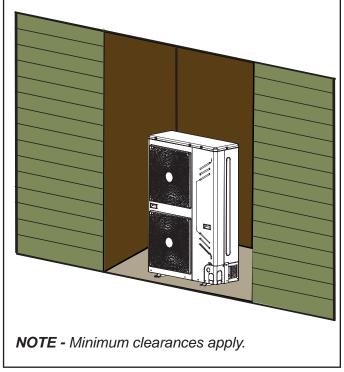


Figure 10. Unit installed in Alcove

Buried Refrigerant Pipe Protection

- All refrigerant lines must be insulated regardless of if it is buried.
- In addition to insulating each line of piping, buried lines must rest inside a sealed, watertight conduit.
- The conduit must be designed so it cannot collect and retain water.

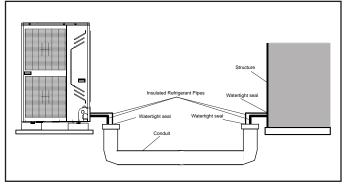


Figure 11. Buried Refrigerant Pipe Protection

Installing the Unit Inside of Building

Mini-VRF outdoor units may be installed indoors if the following guidelines are followed.

- Refer to Figure 12 for critical clearances.
- If field-fabricating ductwork to directly discharge air outdoors, use the dimensions shown in Figure 15 as a guide.
- Include inspection doors in discharge ductwork within 12 inches (305 mm) of the unit.
- Do not restrict access to the unit's electrical service panel.

- Allow enough space between the unit and exterior wall to allow for coil service.
- Provide a drain pan underneath the unit to prevent condensation leaks.
- Contact VRF Applications support for guidance for your application.

email: vrftechsupport@lennoxind.com phone: 844-GET-VRF1 (844-438-8731)

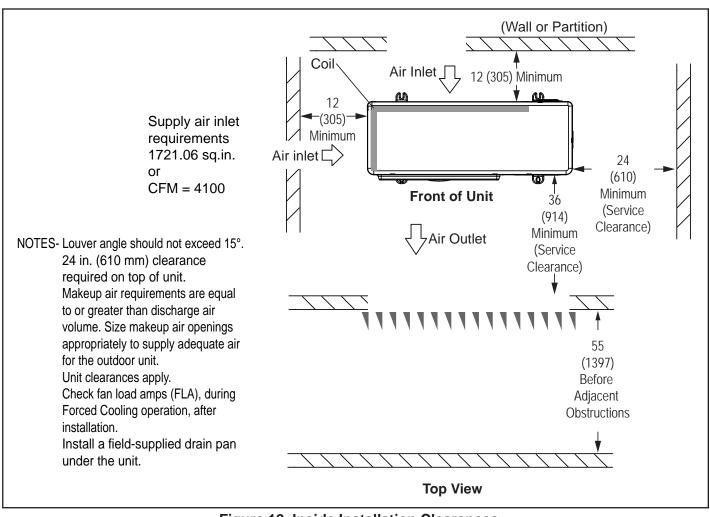


Figure 12. Inside Installation Clearances

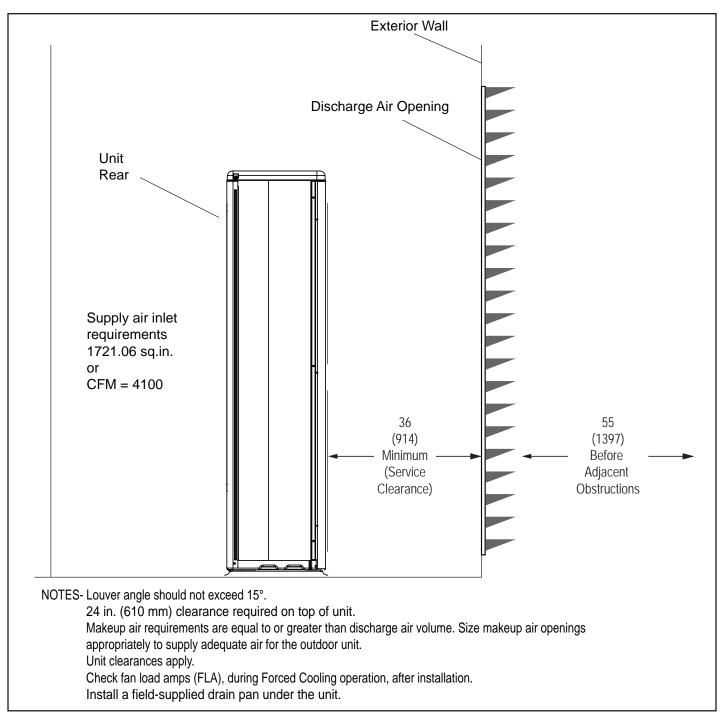


Figure 13. Louvered Discharge Opening Considerations

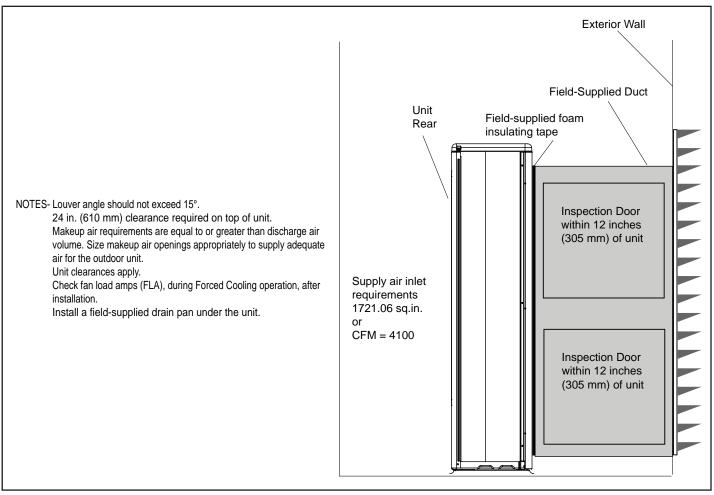


Figure 14. Ducted Discharge Considerations

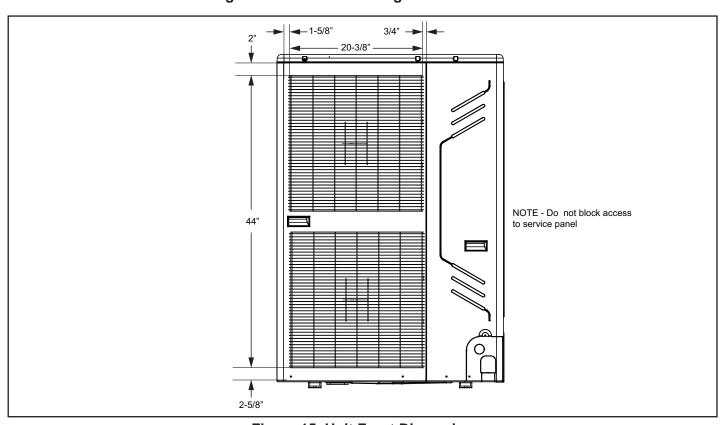


Figure 15. Unit Front Dimensions

Refrigerant Piping Connections

▲ WARNING

Refrigerant leaks are unlikely; however, if a refrigerant leak occurs, open a door or windows to dilute the refrigerant in the room. Turn off the unit and all other appliances that may cause a spark. Call a licensed professional HVAC technician (or equivalent) to repair the leak.

Use only R410A refrigerant to charge this system. Use of other refrigerant or gas will damage the equipment.

Do not allow air or other contaminants to enter system during installation of refrigerant piping. Contaminants will result in lower system capacity and abnormally high operating pressures and may result in system failure or explosion.

Insulate all refrigerant piping.

Refrigerant pipes may be very hot during unit operation. Do not allow contact between wiring and bare copper pipes.

After refrigerant piping connections have been completed, check the system for leaks per commissioning instructions.

Both liquid and gas (vapor) lines must be individually insulated.

Field piping consists of two field-provided copper refrigerant lines connected to the outdoor unit. These lines carry the liquid and vapor refrigerant to and from the indoor unit(s).

- The three-ton VPA036H4 can provide cooling to as many as five indoor units.
- The four-ton VPA048H4 can serve up to seven indoor units.
- The five-ton VPA060H4 can serve up to nine indoor units.

Refrigerant piping and wiring connections can be brought into the outdoor unit through openings provided in the front and side of the unit. See Figure 16.

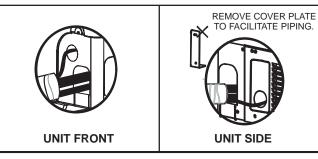


Figure 16. Refrigerant Piping / Wiring Inlets

Table 1 lists the connection sizes at the outdoor unit. The connections are made using the provided brass flare nuts at the end of the refrigerant piping connections. Both liquid and gas (vapor) lines must be individually insulated.

Table 1. Refrigerant Piping Connections

Model	Liquid Line	Gas (Vapor) Line
VPA036H4		
VPA048H4	3/8 in.	3/4 in.
VPA060H4		

When multiple indoor units are served by a single outdoor unit, the refrigerant piping must be connected using either branch box(es) or individual branch pipes. Optional branch box V8MIDB01 and branch pipes V8IDBP01 and V8IDBP02 are ordered separately.

Each branch box can be used to connect a maximum of four indoor units to the outdoor unit. When the system includes five, six, seven, or eight indoor units, two branch boxes must be used. When the system includes nine indoor units, three branch boxes must be used.

A minimum of 39 inches (991 mm) of straight pipe into the branch box.

A minimum of 20 inches (508 mm) of straight pipe out of the branch box. See Figure 17.

When using branch pipes to connect multiple indoor units with a single outdoor unit, each indoor unit requires a separate branch pipe to connect both the liquid and gas (vapor) line to the system. Install these optional devices per the installation instructions provided with them. See the piping schematics on the following pages.

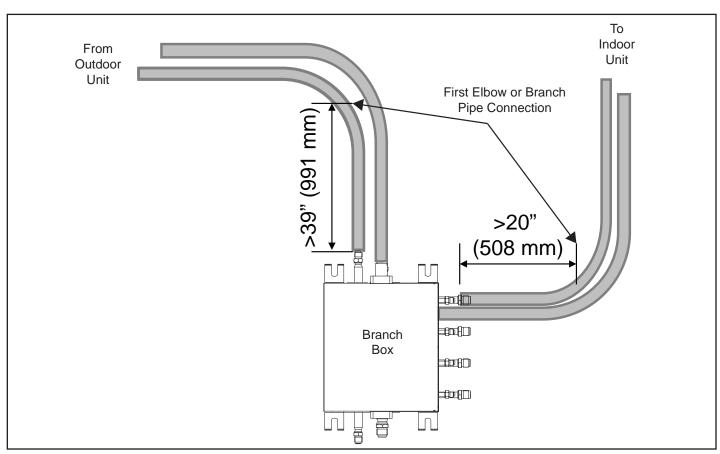


Figure 17. Straight Pipe In and Out

NOTE - Always slide a flare nut onto the field-provided refrigerant piping before flaring the lines.

- 1. The seal on the unit refrigerant piping connections should remain in place until the last possible moment. This will prevent dust or water from getting into the refrigerant piping before it is connected.
- Remove the flare nuts from the connections on the unit and discard the seal from each of the piping connections.
- 3. Slide the flare nuts onto the ends of the field-provided refrigerant piping before using a suitable flaring tool to flare the end of the copper pipe.
- Apply recommended R-410A refrigerant lubricant to the outside of the flared refrigerant lines (Figure 18-A).
- 5. Align the threaded connections with the flared refrigerant lines. Tighten the flare nuts lightly at first to obtain a smooth match (Figure 18-B).

A IMPORTANT

The compressor in this unit contains PVE oil (Polyvinylether). PVE oil is formulated for hydrofluorocarbon (HFC) refrigerants, such as R-410a, which this system contains. While it may have some miscibility properties with mineral-based oil and POE oil (Polyolester), it is not recommended to mix PVE oil with any other type of refrigerant oil.

- 6. Once snug, continue another half-turn on each nut which should create a leak-free joint. A torque wrench may be used to tighten flare nuts using table 2 recommendations. See Figure 19. Do not overtighten a flared joint. Flared connections should always be accessible and must be insulated to prevent condensation.
- Branch pipe connections may be brazed. It is necessary to purge the pipes with nitrogen during brazing to avoid oxidation which may block the refrigerant piping.

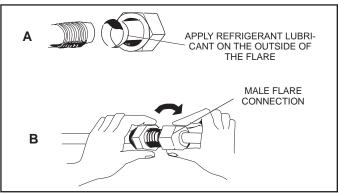


Figure 18. Making Connections (Male to Female Connection)

A IMPORTANT

Always use two wrenches when tightening flare nuts to avoid twisting refrigerant piping. DO NOT over-tighten flare nuts.

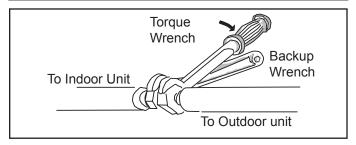


Figure 19. Tighten Flare Nut

Table 2. Flare Nut Torque Recommendations

Outside Diameter	Recommended Torque	No torque wrench available Finger tighten and use an appropriately	
Inches		sized wrench to turn an additional:	
3/8"	26 ftlb. (35 N-m)	1/2 turn	
3/4"	60 ftlb. (81 N-m)	1 turn	

8. After refrigerant piping has been installed and checked for leaks, apply insulation over all flared connections. See Figure 20.

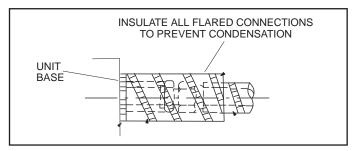
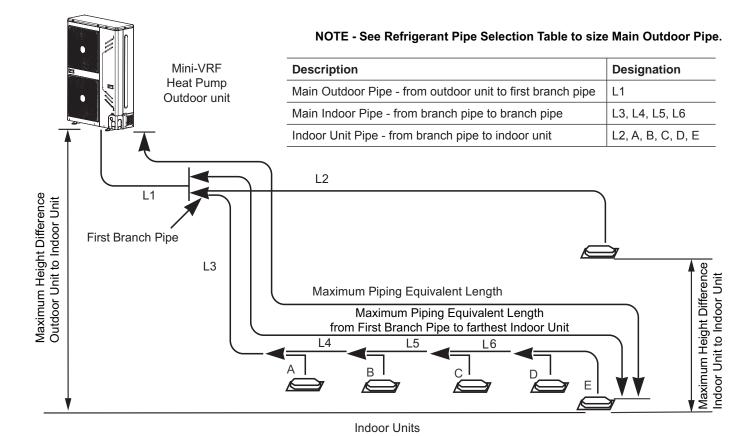


Figure 20. Insulate Flared Connections

Maximum Permitted Refrigerant Pipe Length and Maximum Height Difference - With Branch Pipe



Length and Maximum Height Difference Maximum Permitted Length Piping L1+L2+L3+L4+L5+L6 Total Piping Length (Actual) 328 ft. (100 m) +A+B+C+D+E 148 ft. (45 m) (VPA036-048) Actual Length 196 ft. (60 m) (VPA060) **Pipe Length** L1+L3+L4+L5+L6+E Maximum Piping Length 164 ft. (50 m) (VPA036-048) **Equivalent Length** 230 ft. (70 m) (VPA060) Pipe length (from the first line branch pipe to farthest 65.6 ft. (20 m) L3+L4+L5+L6+E indoor unit) Pipe length (from the indoor unit to the nearest branch 49.2 ft. (15 m) L2,A,B,C,D,E pipe) Outdoor Unit Up 98.4 ft. (30 m) - - -Indoor Unit to Outdoor Unit Maximum Outdoor Unit Maximum Height Difference Height 65.6 ft. (20 m) Down **Difference** Indoor Unit to Indoor Unit Maximum Height Difference 26.2 ft. (8 m) - - -

NOTE - Each branch pipe equals 20 in. (508 mm) equivalent straight pipe length.

Maximum Permitted Refrigerant Pipe Length and Maximum Height Difference - With Branch Box NOTE - See Refrigerant Pipe Selection Table to size Main Outdoor Pipe.

NOTE	Description	Designation			
		<u> </u>			
	Main Outdoor Pipe - from outdoor unit to branch box	L1			
	Indoor Unit Pipe - from Branch Box(es) to indoor units	A, B, C, D			
Mini-VRF Heat Pump Outdoor unit	NOTE - Branch Box(es) should be placed between the Outdoor Unit and Indoor Units. Branch Boxes cannot be connected in series.				
	NOTE - In applications requiring more than one Branch E	Вох,			

Length and Ma	ximum Height Difference		Maximum Permitted Length	Piping	
Pipe Length	Total Piping Length (Actual)		328 ft. (100 m)	L1+A+B+C+D	
		Actual Langth	148 ft. (45 m) (VPA036-048)		
	Maximum Dining Longth	Actual Length	196 ft. (60 m) (VPA060)	L1+A, L1+B,	
	Maximum Piping Length	Equivalent Length	164 ft. (50 m) (VPA036-048)	L1+C, L1+D	
		Equivalent Length	230 ft. (70 m) (VPA060)		
	Pipe length (from the Branch Box to e	each indoor unit)	65.6 ft. (20 m)	A, B, C, D ≤ 65.6 ft. (20 m) each	
Height	Indoor Unit to Outdoor Unit	Outdoor Unit Up	65.6 ft. (20 m)		
	Maximum Height Difference	Outdoor Unit Down	65.6 ft. (20 m)		
	Indoor Unit to Indoor Unit Maximum F	leight Difference	26.2 ft. (8 m)		

Indoor unit

Maximum Permitted Refrigerant Pipe Length and Maximum Height Difference - With Branch Box

Mini-VRF Heat Pump

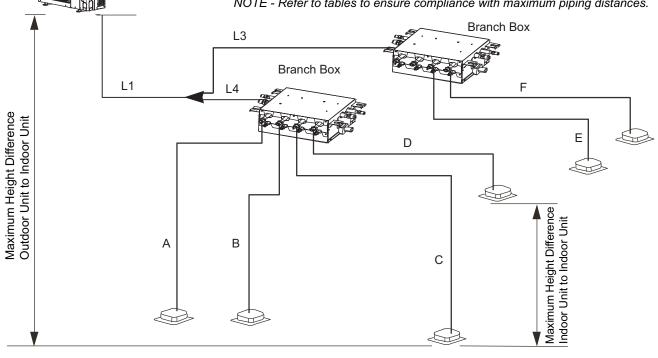
Outdoor unit

NOTE - See Refrigerant Pipe Selection Table to size Main Outdoor Pipe.

Description	Designation
Main Outdoor Pipe - from outdoor unit to first Branch Pipe	L1
Main Indoor Pipe - from Branch Pipe to each Branch Box(es)	L3, L4
Indoor Unit Pipe - from Branch Box(es) to indoor units	A, B, C, D, E, F

NOTE - Branch Box(es) should be placed between the Outdoor Unit and Indoor Units. Branch Boxes cannot be connected in series.

NOTE - Refer to tables to ensure compliance with maximum piping distances.



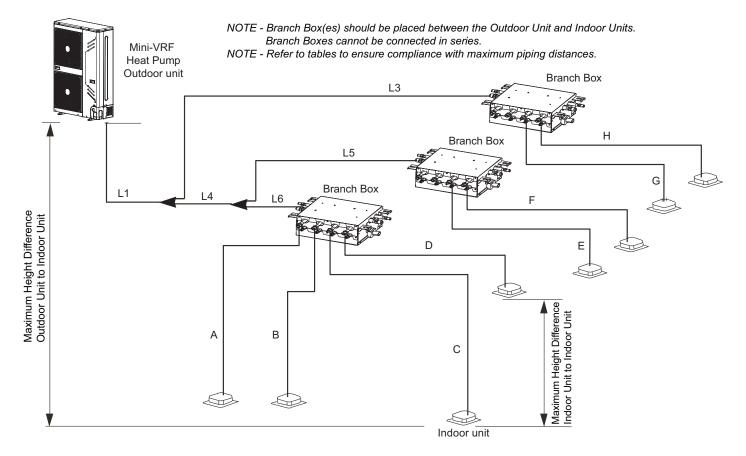
Indoor unit

Length and M	aximum Height Difference		Maximum Permitted Length	Piping	
	Total Piping Length (Actual)		328 ft. (100 m)	L1+A+B+C+D+E+F+L3+L4	
Pipe Length	M. C. Service I.	Actual Length	148 ft. (45 m) (VPA036-048) 196 ft. (60 m) (VPA060)	L1+L4+A, L1+L4+B,	
	Maximum Piping Length	Equivalent Length	164 ft. (50 m) (VPA036-048) 230 ft. (70 m) (VPA060)	L1+L4+C, L1+L4+D, L1+L3+E, L1+L3+F	
	Pipe length from the first Branch Pipe unit.	e to each indoor	65.6 ft. (20 m)	L4+A, L4+B, L4+C, L4+D, L3+E, L3+F ≤ 65.6 ft. (20 m) each	
	Indoor Unit to Outdoor Unit	Outdoor Unit Up	65.6 ft. (20 m)		
Maximum Height Difference	Maximum Height Difference	Outdoor Unit Down	65.6 ft. (20 m)		
	Indoor Unit to Indoor Unit Maximum Difference	Height	26.2 ft. (8 m)		

Maximum Permitted Refrigerant Pipe Length and Maximum Height Difference - With Branch Box

NOTE - See Refrigerant Pipe Selection Table to size Main Outdoor Pipe.

Description	Designation
Main Outdoor Pipe - from outdoor unit to first Branch Pipe	L1
Main Indoor Pipe - from Branch Pipe to each Branch Box(es) or Branch Pipe	L3, L4, L5, L6
Indoor Unit Pipe - from Branch Box(es) to indoor units	A, B, C, D, E, F. G. H



Length and Maximum Height Difference			Maximum Permitted Length	Piping
	Total Piping Length (Actual)		328 ft. (100 m)	L1+A+B+C+D+E+F+G+ H+L3+L4+L5+L6
	Actua Lengt		148 ft. (45 m) (VPA036-048) 196 ft. (60 m) (VPA060)	L1+L4+L6+A, L1+L4+L6+B, L1+L4+L6+C, L1+L4+L6+D,
Pipe Length	Maximum Piping Length	Equivalent Length	164 ft. (50 m) (VPA036-048) 230 ft. (70 m) (VPA060)	L1+L4+L5+E, L1+L4+L5+F, L1+L3+H, L1+L3+G
	Pipe length from the first Branch Pipe indoor unit.	e to each	65.6 ft. (20 m)	L4+L6+A, L4+L6+B, L4+L6+C, L4+L6+D, L4+L5+E, L4+L5+F, L3+H, L3+G ≤ 65.6 ft. (20 m) each
Maximum Height Difference	Indoor Unit to Outdoor Unit	Outdoor Unit Up	65.6 ft. (20 m)	
	Maximum Height Difference	Outdoor Unit Down	65.6 ft. (20 m)	
	Indoor Unit to Indoor Unit Maximum Difference	Height	26.2 ft. (8 m)	

Refrigerant Pipe Selection

MAIN OUTDOOR UNIT PIPE (L1) DIAMETER AND PIPE LENGTH BASED ON TOTAL CAPACITY

Model No.	Capacity	Liquid Pipe Length	Main Gas Pipe Diameter Required	Main Liquid Pipe Diameter Required	Maximum Number of Indoor Units	Total Capacity of Indoor Units Combination Ratio Range	Indoor Unit Branch Pipe
VPA036H4 3 Ton		Less than 148 ft. (45 m)	5/8 in.	3/8 in.	5	45 to 130%	V8IDBP01
VPA030H4 3 10H	More than 148 ft. (45 m)	3/4 in.	3/0 111.				
\/DA049LI4	4 Ton	Less than 148 ft. (45 m)	5/8 in.	0/0 :	7	45 to 1200/	VOIDBEUT
VPA048H4 4 Ton		More than 148 ft. (45 m)	3/4 in.	3/8 in.	,	45 to 130%	
\/DA000114	Less than 148 ft. (45 m)	3/4 in.	3/8 in.	9	45 +- 4000/	V8IDBP01	
VPA060H4 5 Ton		More than 148 ft. (45 m)	7/8 in.	3/0 III.	9	45 to 130%	V8IDBP02

NOTES:

Use appropriate reducer/adapter (not provided) at the outdoor unit pipe connections to meet the piping size requirements.

INDOOR MAIN PIPE SELECTION (L3, L4, L5, L6)

Downstream Indoor Unit Capacity (Buth)	Gas Pipe Diameter	Liquid Pipe Diameter	Indoor Unit Branch Pipe
A < 56,700	5/8 in.	3/8 in.	V8IDBP01
56,700 < A < 78,500	3/4 in.	3/8 in.	V8IDBP01

INDOOR PIPE SELECTION (L2, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H)

Indoor Unit Type	Indoor Unit Size	Gas Pipe Diameter	Liquid Pipe Diameter
V22A Compact 360° Cassette	007, 009, 012, 015	1/2 in.	1/4 in.
V22A Standard/High Efficiency 250°	009, 012, 015	1/2 in.	1/4 in.
V33A Standard/High Efficiency 360° Cassette	018, 024, 030, 036, 048	5/8 in.	3/8 in.
	012, 015	1/2 in.	1/4 in.
VCFA Ceiling/Floor Mount Non-Ducted	018, 024, 030, 036, 048, 054	5/8 in.	3/8 in.
VHIA Concealed High Static Ducted	024, 030, 036, 048	5/8 in.	3/8 in.
	007, 009, 012, 015	1/2 in.	1/4 in.
VMDA Concealed Medium Static Ducted	018, 024, 030, 036, 048	5/8 in.	3/8 in.
VVCA Vertical Air Handler	018, 024, 030, 036, 048, 054	5/8 in.	3/8 in.
WANA Well Mounted New Ducted	007, 009, 012, 015	1/2 in.	1/4 in.
VWMA Wall-Mounted Non-Ducted	018, 024, 030	5/8 in.	3/8 in.

NOTES

If the total capacity of the indoor units is greater than 100% of the capacity of the outdoor unit, individual indoor unit capacities will be reduced.

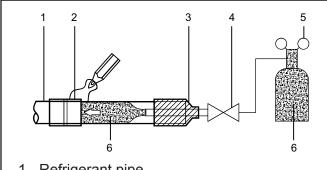
- The seal on the unit refrigerant piping connections should remain in place until the last possible moment. This will prevent dust or water from getting into the refrigerant piping before it is connected.
- Flow the pipework with dry (oxygen-free) nitrogen (2.9 psig or 3 CFH) during brazing to avoid oxidation which may block the refrigerant piping.
- Do not use anti-oxidants when brazing.
- Do not use flux when brazing copper-to-copper piping. Use phosphor copper brazing filler alloy (BCuP) which does not require flux. Flux has a harmful effect on refrigerant pipe.
- Use a wet cloth to insulate the shut-off valve during brazing.
- Use dedicated gauges and hoses with R-410A equipment.

Pressure Test

- Follow the pressure test specifications in table 1 for pressure test.
- Use oxygen-free nitrogen to pressure test to 647 psig and hold for 1 hour.

Evacuate System

- Follow the Lennox pressure test specifications in table 1 and the triple evacuation process described on this page to pressure test and evacuate the system.
- Use a vacuum pump capable of evacuating to lower than 500 Microns (0.5 Torr).
- Do not open any of the outdoor unit shut-off valves (possible max 5 valves). The outdoor unit does not need to be evacuated.
- Evacuate the system to 500 Microns (0.5 Torr), or below, for 4 hours.



- 1 Refrigerant pipe
- 2 Part to be brazed
- 3 Reducer
- 4 Isolation valve
- 5 Pressure-regulating valve
- 6 Oxygen-free nitrogen

Figure 21. Brazing Best Practices

▲ IMPORTANT

Use only oxygen-free nitrogen (OFN).

Table 3. Pressure Test Specifications

1	3 bar	44 psig	minimum of 10 minutes
2	15 bar	220 psig	minimum of 10 minutes
3	32 bar	470 psig	minimum of 10 minutes
4	44 bar	647 psig	1 hour. Stress test to prove the integrity of the complete installation.
5	32 bar	470 psig	24 hours. Lower system pressure test, after confirmation No. 4 was successfully completed.

Triple Evacuation Procedure

A Micron or Torr gauge must be used for this procedure.

- 1. Discharge the oxygen-free nitrogen and evacuate the system to a reading of 8000 Microns (8 Torr) using all service valves.
- 2. Break the vacuum by allowing nitrogen into the three inter-connecting pipework port connections (low pressure gas pipe, high pressure gas pipe and liquid line pipe) until a positive pressure is achieved.
- 3. Evacuate the system to a reading of 5000 Microns (5 Torr).
- 4. Break the vacuum by allowing nitrogen into the three inter-connecting pipework port connections (low pressure gas pipe, high pressure gas pipe and liquid line pipe) until a positive pressure is achieved
- 5. Evacuate the system to a minimum reading of 500 Microns (0.5 Torr).
- 6. For a moisture free system, ensure the vacuum is held without movement for a minimum of 4 hours.
- 7. If pressure loss is detected, carry out steps 2 through 6 until no pressure loss is observed.

Additional Refrigerant Charge

When refrigerant piping connections have been completed, it will be necessary to adjust the system refrigerant charge based on the diameter and length of the liquid line pipe between the outdoor and indoor unit(s).

Table 4 lists the refrigerant piping sizes along with the refrigerant adjustment required per foot of liquid line pipe.

This system is suitable for use with R-410A refrigerant only.

- 1. Calculate the additional refrigerant charge using the diameter and length of the liquid pipe (only) using Table 4 below.
- 2. Calculate the additional refrigerant charge for each liquid line branch pipe kit.
- 3. If the ratio of VMDB **or** V33B Indoor unit capacity exceeds 80% of all indoor units, use Table 5 to determine the additional refrigerant charge to add.
- 4. Total all calculations.
- 5. Add the calculated additional refrigerant to the system.

Liquid Line Length Calculation

Calculate additional refrigerant charge using the diameter and length of the liquid pipe.

Table 4. Refrigerant Charge Adjustment

Liquid Line Pipe Size	Additional Refrigerant Per Foot of Pipe Length
1/4 in.	0.015 lb.
3/8 in.	0.040 lb.
1/2 in.	0.080 lb.
5/8 in.	0.120 lb.
3/4 in.	0.181 lb.
7/8 in.	0.255 lb.

Branch Pipe Kit Calculation

Add 1.60 ft. (488 mm) per EACH liquid line branch pipe (incoming pipe size only) for additional charge calculation.

Example: The branch pipe kit has an incoming pipe size of 7/8" and outgoing pipe sizes of 3/8" and 5/8". Use only the incoming pipe size of 7/8" to calculate the additional refrigerant charge for this branch pipe kit.

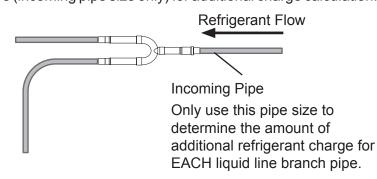


Table 5. VMDB or V33B Indoor Unit Capacity Ratio over 80% of All Indoor Units
Additional Charge Amount

Outdoor Unit Module	Pounds of additional refrigerant if ratio of VMDB Indoor units exceeds 80% of all indoor units.	Pounds of additional refrigerant if ratio of V33B indoor units exceeds 80% of all indoor units.
VPA036H4M-2P	1.76	2.64
VPA048H4M-2P	2.31	3.30
VPA060H4M-2P	2.75	3.30

A WARNING

Isolate the power supply before accessing unit electrical terminals.

Install unit so that unit disconnect is accessible.

Follow all local and national codes, as well as this installation instruction, during installation. Do NOT overload electrical circuit, as this may lead to failure and possible fire.

Use specified wiring and cable to make electrical connections. Clamp cables securely and make sure that connections are tight to avoid strain on wiring. Insecure wiring connections may result in equipment failure and risk of fire.

Wiring must be installed so that all cover plates can be securely closed.

Do not attempt to repair a damaged power cord.

Do not modify the power cord in any way. Do not attempt to extend the length of the power cord or use an extension cord with this appliance. Do not share the single power outlet with any other appliances.

In the U.S.A., wiring must conform with current local codes and the current National Electric Code (NEC). In Canada, wiring must conform with current local codes and the current Canadian Electrical Code (CEC).

Refer to unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum overcurrent protection size.

NOTE - Three-conductor, stranded, shielded cable must be used for the communication wiring. This is necessary to ensure proper system communication and operation.

NOTE - The outdoor unit requires a separate circuit breaker and power supply.

- 1. Select the appropriate electrical inlet into the outdoor unit. Local and national codes apply.
- Locate the terminal strip in the outdoor unit control box. Connect the power wiring (sized per NEC/CEC and local codes) and communications cable (3-conductor, shielded cable) per Figure 22. Refer to unit nameplate for rated voltage.

▲ IMPORTANT

DO NOT adjust DIP switch settings. Settings may only be adjusted by a trained technician as part of the commissioning procedures.

NOTE - Use 18 GA 3-Conductor, Stranded, Shielded Communication Cable

A CAUTION

This unit must be properly grounded and protected by a circuit breaker. The ground wire for the unit must not be connected to a gas or water pipe, a lightning conductor or a telephone ground wire.

Do not connect power wires to the outdoor unit until all other wiring and piping connections have been completed.

Install all wiring at least 3 feet away from televisions, radios or other electronic devices in order to avoid the possibility of interference with the unit operation.

Do not install the unit near a lighting appliance that includes a ballast. The ballast may affect remote control operation.

Separate power wiring supplies must be provided for the outdoor unit and indoor unit(s).

Do not cross-connect refrigerant piping or signal wires between VRF systems. Each VRF system must be piped and wired separately.

Each indoor unit must have its own electrical disconnect. Do not run signal wire and power wire in the same conduit; keep distance between the two conduits per local codes. (Make sure to set address of outdoor unit in case of parallel multi-outdoor units.

Take care when making final power and control cable connections. Cross connection will result in damage to unit's main board.

Only apply power to the system after performing all of the pre-commissioning steps.

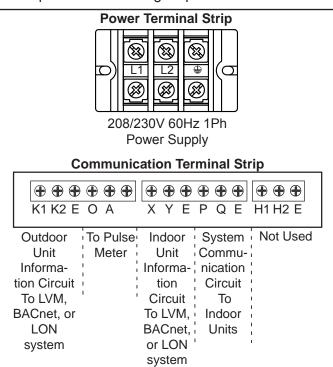


Figure 22. Wiring Terminals

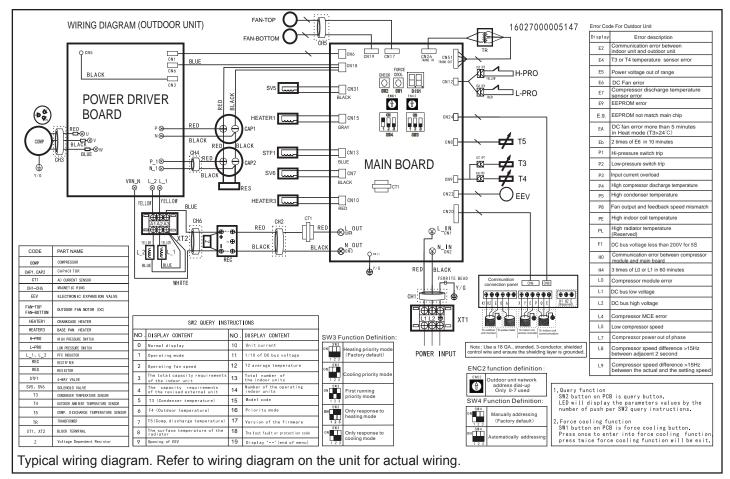


Figure 23. Typical Unit Wiring Diagram

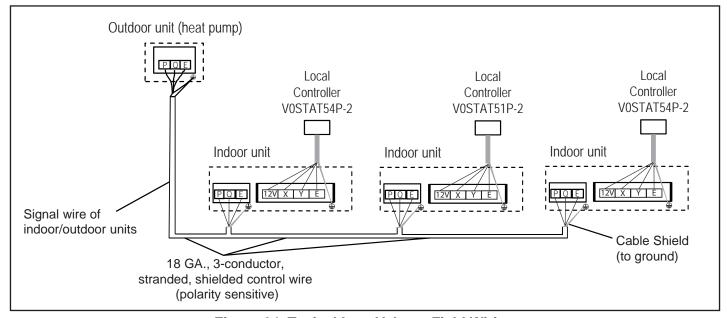


Figure 24. Typical Low-Voltage Field Wiring

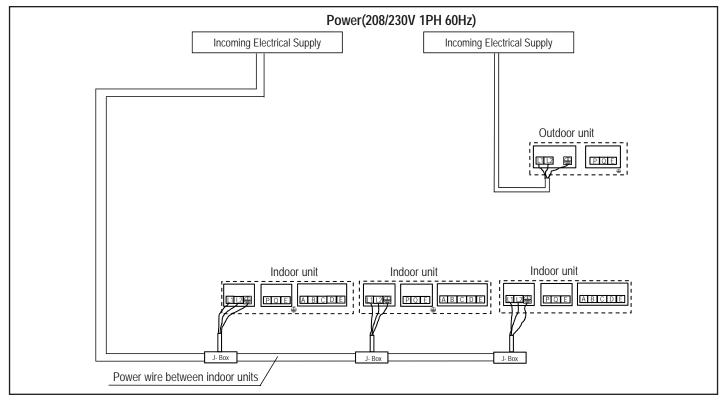


Figure 25. Typical 208/230V Power Wiring

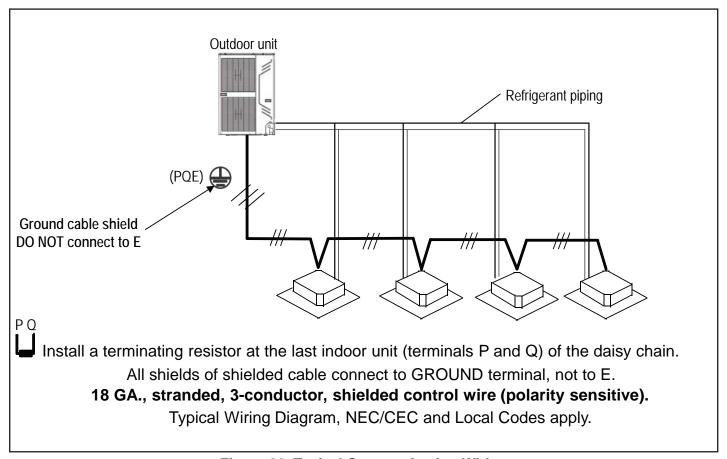


Figure 26. Typical Communication Wiring

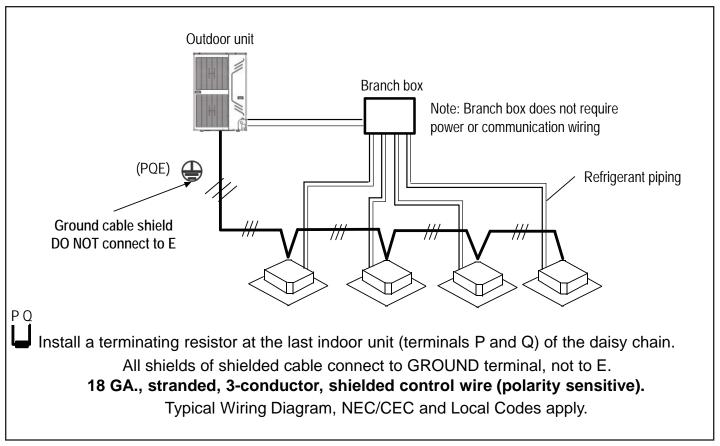


Figure 27. Typical Communication Wiring

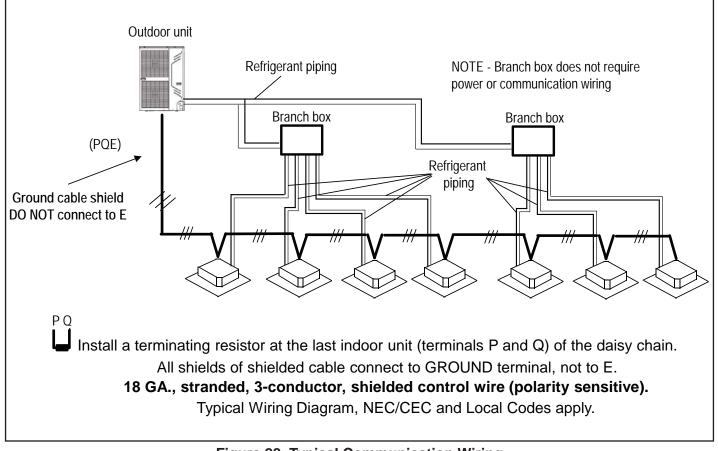


Figure 28. Typical Communication Wiring

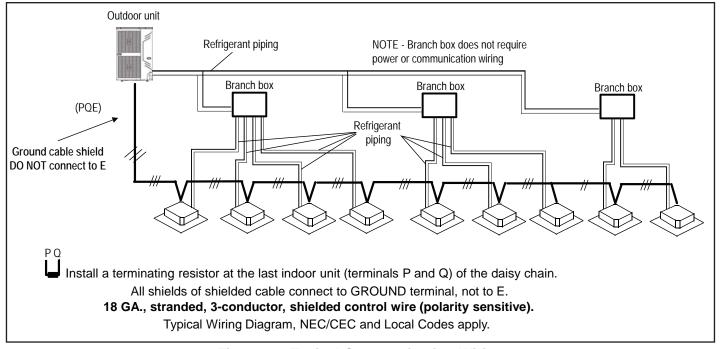


Figure 29. Typical Communication Wiring

Network Address and Commissioning

After the system has been installed, the outdoor unit will automatically assign addresses to all connected indoor units. These addresses may be modified using an optional remote control as part of the commissioning procedure.

DIP switch 1 on SW-4 on the outdoor unit main control is factory-set to ON.

SW2 Query Instructions

No**.	Parameter description	Parameter value*
0	Normal display	If all indoor units off, it will show the quantity of all indoor units; if the outdoor unit is in time delay, it will show 0; if the outdoor unit is running, it will show compressor speed.
1	Operating mode	(0 - off, 2 - cooling, 3 - heating, 4 - forced cooling)
2	Operating fan speed	1 through 7, 0 - stop
3	The total capacity requirements of the indoor unit	This number is related to indoor capacity (Horsepower) and indoor room temperature and setpoint.
4	The capacity requirement of the revised external unit	This is a number revised by outdoor ambient temperature based on the previous number No. 3
5	T3 (Condenser temperature)	Actual value in C
6	T4 (Outdoor ambient temperature)	Actual value in C
7	T5 (Compressor discharge temperature)	If T5>99, it will only show the front two digits of the actual temperature. For example, it will show "10." when T5 is 105.
8	Reserved	Reserved
9	Opening of EEV	Actual value*8P
10	Unit current	Amps
11	1/10 of DC bus voltage	
12	T2/T2B average temperature T2 - Heat/T2B Cooling	(When system operates cooling, it shows T2B; when system operates heating, it shows T2.) T2 and T2B Average Operating IDU Coil Temp sensor In degrees C
13	Total number of the indoor units	
14	Number of the operating indoor unit	Number of IDUs calling for certain mode
15	Model code	10 - 3 Ton; 14 - 4 Ton; 17 - 5 Ton
16	Priority mode	0 - Heating priority; 1 - Cooling priority; 2 - First running priority; 3 - Heating only; 4 - Cooling only
17	Version of the firmware	
18	The last fault or protection code	
19		End

^{*}Units of temperature are shown as °C, units of pressure are shown as MPa.

^{**} No refers to number of presses of SW2 button.



Figure 30. SW2 Spot Check Query